Imperata cylindrica

COGON GRASS

Poaceae

Common Synonyms: Lagurus cylindricus

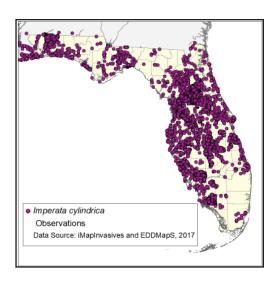
FLEPPC Category: 1

FDACS Listed Noxious Weed: Yes

IFAS Assessment

North PROHIBITED
Central PROHIBITED
South PROHIBITED

USDA Hardiness Zone: 6a-9b Growth Habit: Graminoid Origin: Doubted: East Africa





Description: Perennial grass, growing in loose or compact tufts, from stout, creeping rhizomes with sharp-pointed tips. Leaf sheaths relatively short, glabrous or pubescent; membranous ligule 0.5-1 mm long. Leaf blades erect, flat, narrow and pubescent at base, to 1.2 m tall and to 2 cm wide, with noticeably off-center whitish midvein. Inflorescence a dense terminal panicle, white silky and plume-like, to 21 cm long and 3.5 cm wide. Spikelets paired on unequal stalks, each spikelet surrounded by long white hairs.

Habitat: Disturbed areas

Florida Introduction Date: 1930s

Control Methods: Mechanical: Burning or tillage in combination with Herbicides should be used for optimum control.. Chemical: Foliar: 3-5% glyphosate with 6-12 mo retreatment interval, 1-2% imazapyr with 8-12 retreatment interval, or a glyphosate (2%)+imazapyr (0.5%) mix with 7-12 month retreatment interval. Repeated treatments required, best to alternate active ingredients in treatments to reduce likelihood of creating herbicide resistance. [IFAS,. Biological: Dr. Jim Cuda (IFAS) is researching several biocontrol agents

Useful Resources:

NISIC-USDA. 2017. Species Profile: Imperata cylindrica. https://www.invasivespeciesinfo.gov/plants/cogongrass.shtml. Accessed June 13, 2017.

IFAS, Center for Aquatic and Invasive Plants. 2013. Cogongrass, Imperata cylindrica. https://plants.ifas.ufl.edu/plant-directory/imperata-cylindrica/. Accessed June 13, 2017.

Dave's Garden. PlantFiles: Cogongrass, Imperata cylindrica. http://davesgarden.com/guides/pf/go/776/#b. Accessed June 13, 2017.

Comments: